From Japan's historic naval ports

Yokosuka, Kure, Sasebo, Maizuru

# **Recommended Dishes**

The curry and *nikujaga* that are such familiar parts of modern life in Japan were born in and spread from naval bases.

It is said that Western cuisine had its start in Japan when the navy introduced Western-style dishes as a means of eliminating malnutrition.



Even today, cuisine that originated in the navy can be enjoyed in the Four Cities. The symbol of the Four Cities



#### Yokosuka Kaigun Curry

Made with a recipe from the Meiji Era, Yokosuka Kaigun Curry authentically recreates the taste of those times! Each shop serves Kaigun Curry having a uniquely special flavor.



#### Kure Kaiji Curry 🚺

The "curry culture" of the former navy is carried on by today's Japan Maritime Self-Defense Force (JMSDF). The same curry that is served aboard JMSDF vessels can be enjoyed at restaurants in the Kure.

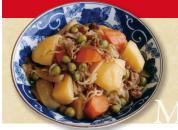
Kure restaurants faithfully recreate the curry flavor, which varies from vessel to vessel. More than 30 varieties can be found.



It is said that beef stew became known in Japan when Togo Heihachiro, once commander of the Sasebo naval base. encountered it while studying in England. Menus featuring beef stew made with authentic recipes from Togo's day can be enjoyed at hotels and restaurants in the city.



#### Maizuru Nikujaga 🎩



Nikujaga's roots can be traced back to a Japanese-style umani stew flavored with soy sauce and sugar that was made by a subordinate of Togo Heihachiro, the first commander of the Maizuru Naval Base. Having been ordered by Togo to make beef stew, the subordinate came up with nikujaga instead because he could not get the proper ingredients. Maizuru Nikujaga made with unique variations of the umani recipe can be enjoyed in Maizuru.



#### Historic Naval Bases







日本遺産



#### Japan Heritage

The Japan Heritage project was launched by the Agency for Cultura Affairs in 2015. Through it, the agency recognizes cultures and traditions of Japan that are passed down in stories based on unique regional histories and characteristics as "Japan Heritage so as to raise their domestic and international appeal.



Japan Heritage

## Historic Naval Bases

# Yokosuka Kure Sasebo Maizuru

Places to Experience Japan's Dynamic Modernization

## Follow the sea breeze for a trip

Yokosuka, Kure, Sasebo, and Maizuru: Four naval port cities born in Japan's Meiji Era (1868-1912).

Following the arrival of Commodore Perry's "Black Ships" in 1853, Japan embarked on a national project to build a modern navy for coastal defense. Originally small farming and fishing villages, the four cities of Yokosuka, Kure, Sasebo, and Maizuru (referred to in this pamphlet as the "Four Cities") had excellent natural harbors, a quality that led to their being chosen as naval bases (chinjufu).

The government brought the latest technologies and equipment to the new bases. It constructed ports capable of handling the comings and goings of large naval vessels, ironworks and shipbuilding yards, and sturdy red-brick buildings. It also worked to cultivate new technicians and engineers. The shipbuilding and other technologies that were amassed in the Four Cities were constantly improved as they were passed among the cities and absorbed into the private sector. And in this way, they provided a foundation for Japan's modernization.

#### back to Japan's Meiji Era.

Also built were waterworks, railroads, and other urban infrastructure that incorporated the latest technologies. The Four Cities developed rapidly as a result. Food culture in the forms of curried dishes and nikujaga (stewed meat and potatoes), sports, and musical culture were also brought in with the navy.

At the conclusion of the Second World War, the Four Cities made use of their former military assets to be reborn as "peacetime industrial coast cities." Today, many of the assets that were built during the cities' naval base days remain in service in one form or another and support local industry and community life.

Of all of Japan's cities, only the Four Cities share a history of service as naval bases and offer opportunities to experience that unique history. Take some time to visit these four former ports of the Imperial Japanese Navy and appreciate their past as dynamic contributors to Japan's modernization.

The stories of the Four Cities were recognized as "Japan Heritage" in 2016.

#### What is a *chinjufu* (naval base)?

One of four main Imperial Japanese Navy (IJN) bases that were built on Japanese soil.

Address ¥ Entrance fee Access (public transport) Telephone No.

Access (car)

Japan Heritage/Cultural Property

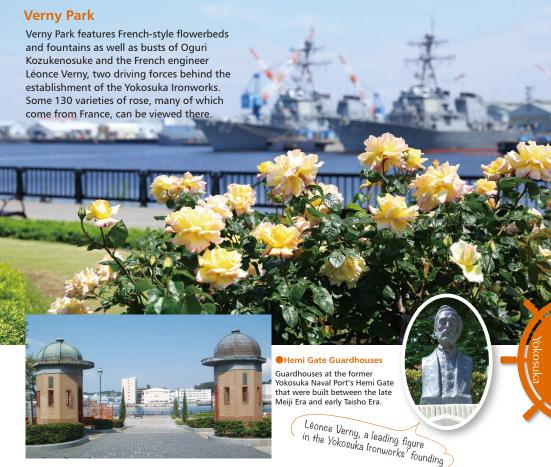
Hours

\*The entrance fees provided are the adult (ordinary) fee. Please contact the facility you wish to visit for information on other fees. \*This document was prepared based on information that was current as of June 2017.

\*Please note that some cultural properties are ordinarily closed to the public or have restricted access

Kure Sasebo Maizuru





# Verny Commemorative Museum

This museum tells of the accomplishments of Léonce Verny, a French engineer who helped build the Yokosuka Ironworks, as well as the history of the ironworks. Its exhibits include a steam hammer that was manufactured in the Netherlands in 1865 and installed in the former Yokosuka Ironworks



### • Information

- 1-1 Higashihemicho, Yokosuka
- 1-minute walk from JR Yokosuka Station
- 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
- Mondays and the year-end/New Year's holidays

  \*The following day when Monday is a national holiday
- ¥ Free
- 046-824-1800





Tadodai Official Residence

For inquiries concerning sightseeing in Yokosuka, please call Yokosuka Tourist Information "Suka Navi (1)" (Tel.: 046-822-8301).



#### Irifuneyama Memorial Museum

The Irifunevama Memorial Museum is a collection of historical structures of Kure. Among other structures on the grounds are the commander's residence for the former Kure Naval Base, a detached house in which the Togo family lived, a clock tower of the former Kure Naval Arsenal, and an ammunition store for the Takagarasu Battery. There is also a local history museum and folk museum, providing ample opportunities to trace back Kure's history.



Former Kure Naval Arsenal clock tower

Former Kure Naval Arsenal commander's residence



- 4-6 Saiwai-cho, Kure
- 15-minute walk from JR Kure Station/3-minute walk from "Meganebashi" bus stop on a Hiroden Bus departing from JR Kure Station
- 5 minutes from the Kure Interchange of the Hiroshima-Kure Road (Kurea Line)
- 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (admittance until 4:30 p.m.)
- Tuesdays (the following day, if Tuesday is a national holiday), December 29 to January 3
- ¥ 250 yen 0823-21-1037

Detached residence of the Togo family

#### **●JMSDF Kure District HQ** Building No. 1 (Former building of the Kure Naval Base)

Completed in 1907, this building is representative of surviving brick structures in Kure. The modern Western-style architecture combining bricks and granite has a majestic beauty and speaks a lot about the high technical capabilities of those days. Today, it is cherished by the Japan Maritime Self-Defense Force as the first HQ building in Kure District.



- 5-minute walk from JR Kure Station
- 5 minutes from the Kure Interchange of the Hiroshima-Kure
- 50 minutes via the Higashihiroshima-Kure Expressway from the Takaya Interchange of the Sanyo Expressway
- 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. (Entry is permitted until 5:30 p.m.) Tuesdays (the following day, if Tuesday is a national holiday)
- ¥ 500 yen
- 0823-25-3017

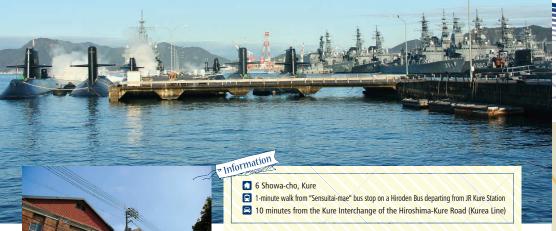


The JMSDF Kure Museum

8-1 Saiwai-cho, Kure 📋 20-minute walk from JR Kure Station/1-minute walk from "Sokanbu-mae" bus stop on a Hiroden Bus departing from JR Kure Station Sundays (May be closed on other days without notice.) \*Prior application is a must in order to visit the museum. Visit the following website for details http://www.mod.go.jp/msdf/kure/info/facilities/ 0823-22-5511

#### Alley-Karasukojima

This park offers close-up views of JMSDF submarines. In the vicinity there are a crane that was used to load torpedoes and brick warehouses of the former Kure Navel Arsenal. The serve as a reminder of the area's days as an IJN base.



battleship Yamato still exists.

Brick warehouses of Showa-cho

#### Hill Overlooking Historic Areas

This park offers a panoramic view of Kure's historical structures and port. Among the things visible are sites where workshops stood during the former IJN days, including the dock where the battleship Yamato was built, and buildings of the former Kure Naval Base.



Monument for the Battleship Yamato



● Large roof of Japan Marine United Corporation's Kure Shipyard

(former Kure Naval Arsenal's shipbuilding dock)

The large roof of the shipbuilding dock that was used to build the

5 Miyahara, Kure

- Hiroden Bus from JR Kure Station -minute walk from "Shikikuhi-mae" bus stop
- □ 10 minutes from the Kure Interchange of the Hiroshima-Kure Road (Kurea Line)

#### \ There's more! Japan Heritage Sites and Cultural Properties in Kure City /

See the map on the next page.

- Niko water source intake Honio water source weir and supply facility
- Gun batteries protecting Kure Bay (Hiro Bay) (remnant of Takagarasu Battery and remnant of Ozorayama Battery) .....

For inquiries related to Japan Heritage sites in Kure,

please call the Planning Division of Kure City's Planning Department (Tel.: 0823-25-3225).

For inquiries related to sightseeing in Kure, please call the Kure Tourist Information Plaza (Tel.: 0823-23-7845).



#### Mukyudo

This giant air-raid shelter was dug into the bedrock by elementary school teachers and students during the Second World War. Inside are a kitchen, toilet, and classrooms.

An "exotic" port town where Japanese and American cultures are intermingled

Nagasaki Prefecture

Sasebo

30-minute walk from "Takahata" bus stop on a Saihi Bus

20 minutes from the Sasebo-Daito Interchange on the Nishi-Kyushu Expressway

9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m./1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Follow the guidance of the docent when touring the facility.

382 Harionaka-machi, Sasebo

departing from JR Sasebo Station

➤ December 29 to January 3 ¥ Free

0956-58-2718



Joma-cho, Sasebo

20-minute walk from JR Haenosaki Station

20 minutes from the Sasebo-Daito Interchange on the Nishi-Kyushu Expressway

9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

December 29 to January 3

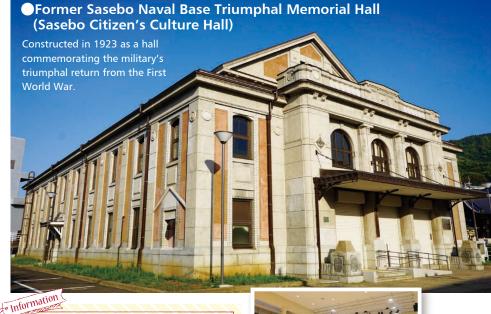
¥ Free

0956-59-2003





yet most technically advanced structures constructed in Japan by the Japanese Navy. They were completed in 1922. The total cost of construction is estimated to have been equivalent to about 25 billion yen in today's money. The facility is comprised of three giant 136-meter-high radio towers.



2 Hirase-machi, Sasebo

1-minute walk from "Saseboshi Sogo Iryo Center Iriguchi" bus stop on a bus (Sasebo City or Saihi) departing from JR Sasebo Station

9:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. (until 5:00 p.m. if no events are scheduled)

X Tuesdays, December 29 to January 3

0956-25-8192





This history museum inherits the legacy of the Imperial Japanese Navy. It stands on the site of "Sasebo Suikosha (Navy Club)," a building that naval officers used for entertainment and events. The exhibits detail the naval history of Sasebo, from the opening of the Naval Base to the present day.

JMSDF History Museum Sasebo

(Sail Tower)





8-1 Uwamachi, Sasebo

2-minute walk from "Saseboshi Sogo Iryo Center Iriguchi" bus stop on a bus (Sasebo City or Saihi) from JR Sasebo Station

1 minute from Sasebo-Daito interchange on the Nishi-Kyushu Expressway 2 minutes from the Matsuura intersection on National Route 35

9:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (admittance until 4:30 p.m.)

Third Thursday of each month, December 28 to January 4

¥ Free

0956-22-3040



#### Sasebo Naval Port Cruise

This cruise offers views of structures, warehouses, shipyards, and a giant cantilever crane from the former naval port and arsenal. Come aboard and see Sasebo Port's transition from the Meiji Era to today.



#### Sasebo Cruise Bus "Umikaze"

This bus, fashioned to resemble a luxurious yacht, visits the Kujukushima Islands and popular sights of the Sasebo port town. Passengers can leave the bus to see the shipyards and warehouses up close.



#### \ There's more! Japan Heritage Sites and Cultural Properties in Sasebo City / (partial list)

See the map on the next page.

- Okamoto water source Yamanota water source Tategami pier
- Sasebo Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.'s docks No. 5 and 6 Hirase brick warehouses
- Tategami brick warehouses

سسم

Tours leave from Huis Ten Bosch, the Sasebo Bus Center,

Varies depending on the points of departure and arrival

¥ Departure from Sasebo Bus Center or Sasebo Station's

0956-22-6630 (Sasebo Tourism Information Center)

Departure from Huis Ten Bosch; 2,000 yen

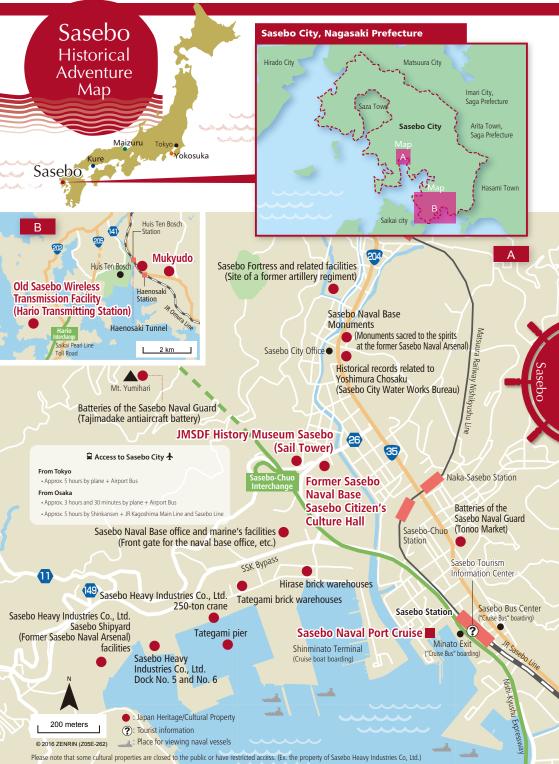
Minato Exit: 1,800 yen

and Minato Exit of Sasebo Station (the point of departure may vary depending on the course).

- Sasebo Fortress and related facilities (Marudeyama battery site, observation post, etc.)
- Maehata magazine Haenosaki Tunnel Shimizunose Bridge
- Batteries of the Sasebo Naval Guard (Tajimadake antiaircraft battery, Tonoo Market, etc.)

For inquiries concerning Japan Heritage sites in Sasebo, please call the Tourism Division of Sasebo City's Department of Tourism, Commerce and Industry (Tel.: 0956-25-9639).

For inquiries concerning sightseeing in Sasebo, please call the Sasebo Tourism Information Center (Tel.: 0956-22-6630).





#### Maizuru Port Pleasure Boat

This roughly 30-minute cruise offers incredible views of escort vessels, shipyards, and other highlights of the port from the sea!

- Information the se
  - 10-minute walk from JR Higashi-Maizuru Station
    3 Cruises leave at 11:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m., and 1:00 p.m.
    (Boats operate on weekends, national holidays, and August 13 to 15 only.)
  - ➤ December to mid-March ¥ 1,000 yen
  - 7 0773-75-8600 (Maizuru Tourist Station)



#### Navy Memorial Hall

This museum for the former Imperial Japanese Navy was established in part of the large auditorium of the JMSDF's Maizuru District HQ. Some 200 valuable items related to the IJN are on display, among them some concerning Togo Heihachiro, the Maizuru Naval Base's first commander.



· Information

- 1190 Amarubeshimo, Maizuru
- "Jieitaisanbashi-mae" bus stop on a Kyoto Kotsu Bus from JR Higashi-Maizuru Station
- ☐ Twenty minutes from the Maizuru-Higashi Interchange on the Maizuru-Wakasa Expressway
- 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. (open to the public on weekends and national holidays only; admittance ends at 2:45 p.m.)
- ¥ Free 7 0773-62-2250

lt's sometimes used as a movie set.



# · Information

- 1200 Amarubeshimo, Maizuru
- 5-minute walk from "Zosenjo-mae" bus stop on a Kyoto Kotsu Bus from JR Higashi-Maizuru Station
- Open to the public from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on the first Sunday of each month (the second Sunday in January)
- http://www.mod.go.jp/msdf/maizuru/kengaku/tougoutei.html
- ¥ Free 7 0773-62-2250

#### ●Togo Historic Residence (Maizuru Naval Base commander's residence)

This was the house used by commanders of the Maizuru Naval Base, beginning with the very first, Togo Heihachiro. It is a single-story home built with a blending of Japanese and Western styles. It is currently managed by the JMSDF and used as a meeting place for the Maizuru District HQ.



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#### UNESCO Memory of the World Register

#### Maizuru Repatriation Memorial Museum

Following the end of the Second World War in 1945, some 6.6 million Japanese remained abroad. Of them, roughly 600,000 were interned in the Soviet Union in Siberia. For a period of thirteen years that ended in 1958, approximately 660,000 Japanese were warmly welcomed back to their country at Maizuru. The museum has received some 16,000 invaluable items from all parts of Japan, among them coats and other cold-weather clothing worn in Siberia and paintings depicting conditions there. More than 1,000 of them are on display. The museum's mission is to convey the historical facts of the repatriation and a wish for peace to coming generations. In 2015, 570 items in the museum's collection were entered into the UNESCO Memory of the World Register.







- Katsura reservoir (Maizuru municipal waterworks facility) Kishidani reservoir (Maizuru municipal waterworks facility)
- Matsunoodera Station (JR Obama Line facility) Former Okada Bridge
- Yuragawa Bridge (tunnel and bridge facility of the Miyamai Line, Kyoto Tango Railway)
- Former Maizuru Fort (Makiyama Battery, Ashidani Battery, Kanagasaki Battery, Tatebe Battery, etc.)
- Kanzaki Brickvard Hoffmann-style ring kiln and Minato Junisha washstand

For inquiries concerning Japan Heritage sites in Maizuru, please call the

Tourism & Commerce Division of Maizuru City's Tourism & Community Development Department (Tel.: 0773-66-1024). For inquiries concerning sightseeing in Maizuru, please call the Maizuru Tourist Station (Tel.: 0773-75-8600).



+ JR San'in Main Line and Maizuru Line 500 meters Approx. 2 hours and 30 minutes by Shinkansen © 2016 ZENRIN (Z05E-262) + JR San'in Main Line and Maizuru Line : Japan Heritage/Cultural Property ?: Tourist information : Place for viewing naval vessels Collection of the Navy Memorial Hall, Large Auditorium, JMSDF Maizuru District HO • JMSDF Maizuru District HQ Building No. 1 and JMSDF 4th Service

School Building

"Reference book for naval cooking techniques"

Former Maizuru Naval Base ordnance corps warehouse Gun battery of the navy defense corps and garrison (Atagoyama air defense battery) Maizuru Japan Marine United Corporation Maizuru Brick Park Maizuru Shipyard **Togo Historic Residence** Front gate of the JMSDF (Former Maizuru Naval Base Maizuru Navy Guard Corps commander's residence) Stone seawall around the naval base JMSDF Maizuru Depot Cruise boat boarding Kvoraku Park (navy cemetery) Former official mayor's residence izuru City Office **Navy Memorial Hall** Townscapes bearing the names of naval vessels Kitasui Tunnel (Kitasui-Momoyama route, Former home of Maizuru municipal road) lino Torakichi Higashi-Maizuru Station tourist informa Former Kitasui water purification Higashi-Maizuru Station

plant distribution reservoir